84-250922/41 A87 FC5 TEVO-09.09.81 A(10-E7B, 11-C2B, 12-G, 12-G3) F(3-C, 3-C2, 3-C5) 026 INST TECH VOLOKON AN GDR (WOOL =) *DD -210-561-A 19.06.80-SU-942502 (+DD-233137) (13.06.84) D06m-10 D06m-= H or CH; Finishing treatment for synthetic fibre textiles - by treating with soln. R1 = CH2CH2OH or -CH2CH2CH2OH; and of polyethylene-glycol-di- methacrylate contg. satd. monomer and $R_1 = H$, CH_3 , $-CH_2OH$ or $-CH_3CH_2OH$. irradiating with electrons C84-105S89 Full Priorities: (CMEA): 19.6.80-SU-Z942502; Treatment stabilises the antistat and hydrophilic proper-9.9.81-DD-2331374 ties of the material against repeated laundering and also imparts soil-resistant properties. METHOD CLAIMED Synthetic fibre textiles are finished by (a) treatment with an aquisoln, of a polyethylene-glycol-A fabric made from polycaprolactam fibre is treated for 2 mins. at 25°C in an aq. soln. contg. 15 wt. 8 polyethylene-glycol-di-methacrylate having 13 oxyethyl gps. and 3 wt. 8 2-hydroxymethyl-acrylamide. di-(meth)acrylate having 8-15 oxyethyl gps., contg. an unsatd. monomer of formula (I) or (II); and (b) irradiating with fast electrons. The fabric is then rolled out to 70% moisture, irradiated with a 2Mrad dose of fast electrons, washed and dried. CH,=C-COOR1 (I) The fabric retains high antistat and hydrophobic properties after 50 laundering cycles (R).(llpp1550WADwgNo0/9). Full Patentees: Inst Tech Volokon An Gdr; Wool Ind (II) CHZ=C(R)-C Res Inst. DD-210561-A

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